

Bite Registration for Snoring & Apnea Appliances.





Bite
Registration
for Snoring &
Apnea
Appliances.

Most appliances used for treating sleep disturbed breathing (snoring and apnea) are titratable.

The objective of a bite registration is not to determine an ideal treatment position, but rather to record a jaw relationship that can be titrated to the desired outcome.

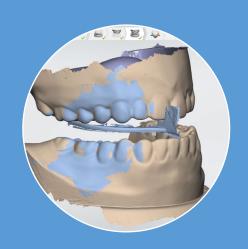




Control
Vertical
Dimension



Control
AnteriorPosterior
Relationship



Record the Bite



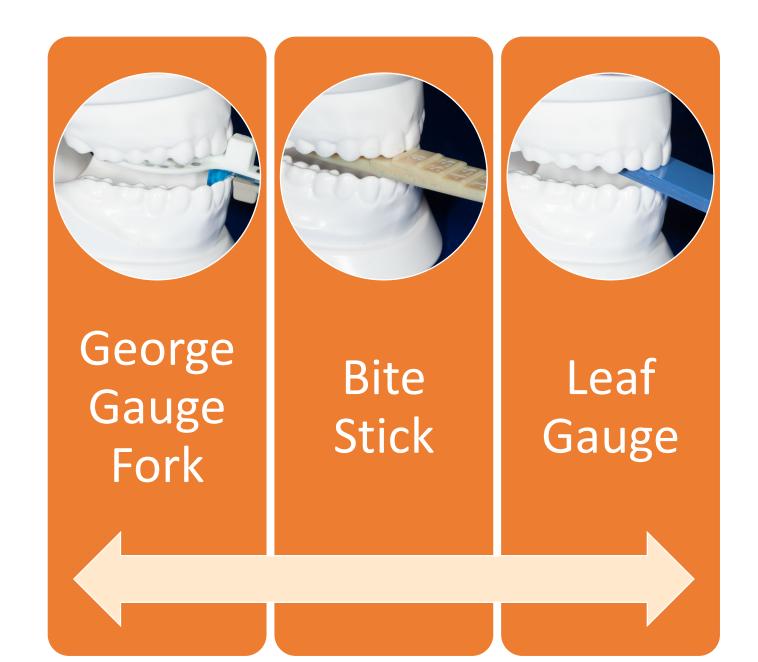


Control
Vertical
Dimension

There must be enough vertical dimension opening to allow for the thickness of the appliance.

An anterior-contact appliance, such as the Morpheus requires enough vertical clearance to avoid contact in the posterior.





Vertical dimension in a bite registration is controlled by placing a spacer between the incisors.

The precise measure at the incisors is not important (and variable based on the patient's overbite). Adjust to achieve clearance in the posterior.



Your anterior-posterior (AP) is your starting position for your appliance.

Your treatment position must be comfortable and, at the same time, open the airway.

Choose a starting position that lets you start titration at a comfortable point and allows freedom to titrate forward if needed (potentially up to maximum protrusion).



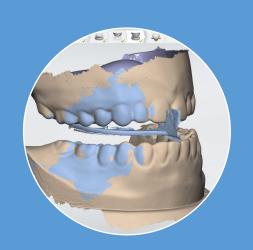


A George Gauge (or similar device) allows you to set an AP position and guide the patient there by resting their incisors into the grooves.

Control Anterior-Posterior Relationship







Record the Bite

The bite registration may be recorded traditionally using wax or bite-registration material.

Bite registration may also be recorded with an Intraoral Scanner by scanning the patient's bite with the gauge in place.

